RE CURRICULUM

Principle Aim: The principle aim of RE is to engage pupils in systematic enquiry into significant human questions which religion and worldviews address, so that they can develop the understanding and skills needed to appreciate and appraise varied responses to these questions, as well as develop responses of their own.

The threefold aim of RE elaborate the principal aim:

- 1. Know about and understand a range of religious and worldviews
- 2. Express ideas and insights about the nature, significance and impact of religions and worldviews
- 3. Gain and deploy the skills needed to engage seriously with religions and worldviews.

These themes span and spiral across KS3 and KS4, they are linked to the Derbyshire Locally Agreed Syllabus.

Breadth and balance is achieved by ensure the following three strands are addressed across the key stage:

- A. Believing (religious beliefs, teachings, sources; questions about meaning, purpose and truth)
- B. Expressing (religious and spiritual forms of expression; questions about identity and diversity)
- C. Living (religious practices and ways of living; questions about values and commitments)

STUDENT DEVELOPMENT MTP Y9

Title	Sikhism (6 l	ikhism (6 lessons)		Faiths and cu	ultures	Principles of learning	
	Key vocabulary	Knowledge & Skills Inc. Metacognition & Disciplinary	Opportunities	_	Links	Reinforces	Assessment
		Literacy	Interleaving	Spacing	Foreshadows	Reilliorces	
Key beliefs	Guru Nanak, Mool Mantar, Ik Onkar, mukti, gurmukh, manmukh	Outline key Sikh beliefs about God Deliberature vocabulary teaching (Mukhti) Understand the aim of 'mukti' as an aim of life for Sikhs Explain the importance of 'gurmukh' for Sikhs Explainmodelling thinking / scaffolding Evaluate whether a person can always do 'the right thing' Evaluate the statement 'Believing in reincarnation makes a person behave better' Evaluation style questionsmodelling thinking / scaffolding		Outline Explain Evaluate			'Believing in reincarnation makes a person behave better'. Evaluate this statement.

The First Guru – Guru Nanak	Katarpur, langar	Outline key details of the life of Guru Nanak Outline evidence that suggests that Guru Nanak was a special and important person Examine how Kartarpur reflected Gugu Nanak's values and teachings. Explain the importance of Guru Nanak as a role model Explainmodelling thinking / scaffolding Evaluate how Guru Nanak;s experiences influence Sikh teachings Evaluate the statement 'the most important part of Guru Nanak's life was his teaching journeys" Evaluation style questionsmodelling thinking / scaffolding	Believing	Outline Explain Evaluate	Religious leaders	Religious leaders	'The most important part of Guru nanak's life was his teaching journeys'. Evaluate this statement.
The Tenth Guru – Gobind Singh	Martyr, Vaisakhi, Five Ks, Khasla, kurahits	Outline key details of the life of Guru Gobind Singh Outline the origins of the Khasla Outline the 5Ks Reflect on the importance of commitment Evaluate the statement 'Khalsa Sikhs show great commitment to their faith' Evaluation style questionsmodelling thinking / scaffolding	Believing Expressing Living	Outline Explain Evaluate	Religious leaders	Religious leaders	'Khalsa Sikhs show great commitment to their faith. Evaluate this statement.

Becoming a Khalsa Sikh	Amritdhari, Amrit Sanskar, karah parshad, sewa	Outline key details of the Amrit Sanskar ceremony Examine how each of the 5Ks represent Sikh beliefs and ideas Explain howmodelling thinking / scaffolding Explain the commitment made when becoming a Khalsa Sikh Evaluate the statement 'all Sikhs should go through the Amrit Sanskar' Evaluation style questionsmodelling thinking / scaffolding	Expressing Living	Outline Explain Evaluate	Religious leaders	Religious leaders	'All Sikhs should go through the Amrit Sanskar'. Evaluate this statement.
The authority of the Guru Granth Sahib	Adi Granth, Golden Temple, authority, Akhand Path, romallas	Outline the composition of the Guru Granth Sahib Outline how the Guru Granth Sahib is used Examine how Sikhs show respect for the Guru Granth Sahib Explainmodelling thinking / scaffolding Evaluate the importance of holy books Evaluate the statement 'holy books are the most important kinds of books' Evaluation style questionsmodelling thinking / scaffolding	Believing Living	Outline Explain Evaluate	Holy texts	Holy texts	'Holy books are the most important kinds of books'. Evaluate this statement.

Living as a Sikh / Sewa	Rahit Maryada, daswandh, Nam Japna, Kirat Karni, Vand Chakna	Outline the religious daily life of Sikhs Outline the three principles of living for Sikhs Examine how Sikh principles affect work and behaviour Explain why Sikhs try to follow their religion in all aspects of their lives Explainmodelling thinking / scaffolding Evaluate how religion provides a code for living Evaluate which of the three principles would be most difficult to keep Evaluate the statement 'it is possible to follow the Sikh way 24/7" Evaluation style questionsmodelling thinking / scaffolding	Expressing Living	Outline Explain Evaluate	Religious leaders	Religious leaders	'It is possible to follow the Sikh way 24/7'. Evaluate this statement.
Celebrations in Sikhism	Vaisakhi, saint- soldiers	Outline key details of Sikh festivals (Vaisakhi, Gurpubs) Examine why we celebrate events and people during festivals Outline how Sikhs celebrate Vaisakhi personally, as a community and religiously. Explainmodelling thinking / scaffolding Explain why gurpurbs are celebrated Evaluate whether festivals help people in their beliefs. Evaluate the statement 'festivals are about fun rather than religion in modern society' Evaluation style questionsmodelling thinking / scaffolding	Believing	Outline Explain Evaluate	Religious festivals	Religious festivals	'Festivals are about fun rather than religion in modern society'. Evaluate this statement.

Title	Ethics (14 lessons)	Key theme	Faiths and values	POLs	
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	Key vocabulary	Knowledge & Skills Inc. Metacognition & Disciplinary	Opportunities for		Links		Assessment
		Literacy	Interleaving	Spacing	Foreshadows	Reinforces	
What is ethics?	Absolute morality / morality / relative morality	Retrieval practice activity Outline factors that influence our decision making Deliberate vocabulary teaching (relative / absolute morality) Explain what the terms 'relative' and 'absolute' morality mean Explainmodelling thinking / scaffolding Evaluate why people do not always make the same decisions. Evaluate the statement 'Decision making is hard' Evaluation style questionsmodelling thinking / scaffolding	Believing Living	Outline Explain Evaluate			Explain the difference between absolute morality and relative morality.
Is there any law that should not be broken?	Justice, conscience	Retrieval practice activity Outline the reasons why people keep the law Deliberate vocabulary teaching (relative / absolute morality) Explain religious attitudes to secular law Explainmodelling thinking / scaffolding Evaluate whether it is ever right to break the law in light of one's beliefs Evaluate the statement 'Religious people should follow religious laws over society's laws' Evaluation style questionsmodelling thinking / scaffolding	Believing Living	Outline Explain Evaluate			'Religious people should follow religious laws over society's laws'

Sanctity of life Sanctity of life, Retrieval practice activity	Believing	Outline	'There is never a good
quality of life, creation, vegetarian, abortion, euthanasia, death penalty Outline what is meant by 'sanctity of life' Outline what is meant by 'quality of life' Deliberate vocabulary teaching (sanctity of life / quality of life) Explain why different religions think life is sacred Explainmodelling thinking / scaffolding Outline how religious people show through their actions and decisions their belief in the sanctity of life Evaluate why sanctity of life issues can be very complicated Case study 1: Euthanasia Case study 2: Abortion Evaluate the statement 'There is never a good reason to go against the belief in the sanctity of life' Evaluation style questionsmodelling thinking / scaffolding	Living	Explain Evaluate	reason to go against the belief in the sanctity of life' Evaluate this statement.

Environmental ethics	Stewardship, environmental	Retrieval practice activity Outline what 'belief in the created world' means Deliberate vocabulary teaching (belief in the created world) Outline reasons, including religious ones, why religious people believe they need to help the planed Explain how religious ideas can focus environmental groups Explainmodelling thinking / scaffolding Outline the work of religious organisations which focus on environmental action Evaluate the importance of environmental action Evaluate the statement 'Religious people should do the most to solve the world's environmental problems Evaluation style questionsmodelling thinking / scaffolding	Believing Living	Outline Explain Evaluate	Christian beliefs GCSE Unit		'Religious people should do the most to solve the world's environmental problems'
Animal rights, human wrongs?	Animal rights / beasts of burden / dominion	Retrieval practice activity Outline what is meant by 'animal rights' Deliberate vocabulary teaching (relative / absolute morality) Outline some of the ways humans use animals Explain what the terms 'relative' and 'absolute' morality mean Explainmodelling thinking / scaffolding Evaluate why people do not always make the same decisions. Evaluate the statement 'Decision making is hard' Evaluation style questionsmodelling thinking / scaffolding	Believing Living	Outline Explain Evaluate		Concept of stewardship – Argument from design (Philosophy)	'Humans should be able to use animals in whatever way they want? Evaluate this statement.

Medical ethics	AID / AIH / Brain death / conceive / donor / medical ethics / organ transplant / recipient	Retrieval practice activity Outline what is meant by the term medical ethics Outline key medical developments in relation to transplant surgery and the start of life Explain why religious believers support medical advances Explain how medical knowledge may be seen as a gift from God Explainmodelling thinking / scaffolding Evaluate whether humans have gone too far with medicine Evaluate the statement "Medical knowledge has gone too far' Evaluation style questionsmodelling thinking / scaffolding	Believing Living	Outline Explain Evaluate		Sanctity of life Conception (SRE 2020) Health and wellbeing (PSHE Association)	'Medical knowledge has gone too far'. Evaluate the statement
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Has religion	Sell-by-date	Explain why religion is considered	Believing	Outline	Global	'Religion has passed
passed its sell—		less relevant in the modern world	Living	Explain	influence of	its sell-by date'
by date?		Find out some reasons why religion		Evaluate	Christianity /	Evaluate this
		still has relevance in the modern			Islam	statement.
		world				
		Reflect on personal attitudes to				
		religion				
		Retrieval practice activity				
		Outline reasons why religion is				
		considered less relevant in the				
		modern world				
		Explain what religion shill has relevance in the modern world				
		Explainmodelling thinking /				
		scaffolding				
		Evaluate our personal attitudes to				
		religion				
		Evaluate the statement 'Religion has				
		passed its sell-by date'				
		Evaluation style				
		questionsmodelling thinking / scaffolding				
		Scandiding				

Is sport like a religion?	Devotion	Retrieval practice activity Outline the nature of sport Outline the nature of religion Outline links between sport and religion Deliberate vocabulary teaching (relative / absolute morality) Explain why some people believe sport is the new religion Explain whymodelling thinking / scaffolding Evaluate the place of sport in comparison with the place of religion in society today Evaluate the statement 'sport is the new religion' Evaluation style	Believing Living	Outline Explain Evaluate	Global influence of Christianity / Islam	'Sport is the new religion' Evaluate this statement.